Before

The Hon'ble Jharkhand State Electricity Regulatory Commission, Ranchi



Petition for Tariff Proposal for FY 2021-22



Submitted By

Jharkhand Bijli Vitran Nigam Limited (JBVNL) Dhurwa, HEC, Ranchi

Before the Hon'ble Jharkhand State Electricity Regulatory Commission, Ranchi

Filing	Number:	
Case	Number: _	

IN THE MATTER OF:	Filing of Petition for approval of Tariff Proposal for FY
	2021-22 as per the regulations of Jharkhand State
	Electricity Regulatory Commission (JSERC) Terms and
	Conditions for Determination of Distribution Tariff)
	Regulations, 2020

AND IN THE MATTERJharkhand Bijli Vitran Nigam Limited (hereinafterOF:referred to as "JBVNL", or "erstwhile JSEB -Distribution
function" which shall mean for the purpose of this
Petition the "Licensee" or "Petitioner") having its
registered office at HEC, Dhurwa, Ranchi

The Petitioner respectfully submits hereunder:

- The erstwhile Jharkhand State Electricity Board ("Board" or "JSEB") was a statutory body constituted under Section 5 of the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948 and was engaged in electricity generation, transmission, distribution and related activities in the State of Jharkhand.
- 2. Jharkhand Urja Vikas Nigam Ltd. (herein after to be referred to as "JUVNL" or "the Holding company") has been incorporated under Indian Companies Act, 1956 pursuant to decision of Government of Jharkhand to reorganize erstwhile Jharkhand State Electricity Board (herein after referred to as "JSEB"). The Petitioner submits that the said reorganization of the JSEB has been done by Government of Jharkhand pursuant to "Part XIII Reorganization of Board" read with section 131 of the Electricity Act 2003. The Holding company has been incorporated on 16th September 2013 with the Registrar of Companies, Jharkhand, Ranchi and has obtained Certificate of Commencement of Business on 12th November 2013.
- 3. Jharkhand Bijli Vitran Nigam Ltd. (herein after to be referred to as "JBVNL" or "the Petitioner" or erstwhile "JSEB-Distribution function" has been incorporated on 23rd October 2013 with the Registrar of Companies, Jharkhand, Ranchi and has obtained Certificate of Commencement of Business on 28th November 2013. The Petitioner is a Company constituted under the provisions of Government of Jharkhand, General Resolution as

notified by transfer scheme vide notification no. 8, dated 6th January 2014. The Distribution Company - Jharkhand Bijli Vitran Nigam Ltd. is duly registered with the Registrar of Companies, Ranchi on 23rd October 2013

- 4. Pursuant to the enactment of the Electricity Act, 2003, every utility is required to submit its Aggregate Revenue Requirement (ARR) for control period and Tariff Petitions as per procedures outlined in section 61, 62 and 64, of Electricity Act 2003, and the governing regulations thereof.
- 5. JBVNL has filed Petition for approval of Provisional True-up for FY 2019-20, Annual Performance Review (APR) for FY 2020-21, Approval of Multi-Year Tariff Aggregate Revenue Requirement (MYT-ARR) and Business Plan for Control Period (FY 2021-22 to FY 2025-26) as per the Electricity Act, 2003 and as per the provisions of the regulations issued by the Hon'ble Jharkhand State Electricity Regulatory Commission (JSERC) (Terms and Conditions For Determination of Distribution Tariff) Regulations, 2020 and JSERC (Terms and Conditions For Determination of Distribution Tariff) Regulations, 2015 on 30th November, 2020. As submitted in the given Petition, JBVNL has prayed to Hon'ble Commission to allow submission of Tariff Proposal (approved by Board of Directors) along with Audited Annual Accounts for FY 2019-20 and Final True-up for FY 2019-20. JBVNL vide instant Petition is filing an interim tariff proposal for FY 2021-22, however the same is subjected to approval from Board of Directors, JBVNL. Post approval of Board of Directors, JBVNL would file for final tariff proposal for FY 2021-22.

Jharkhand Bijli Vitran Nigam Limited Petitioner

Ranchi

Dated:

Table of Content

	List of	Tables	5
1.	Tari	iff Proposal	6
	Key hig	ghlights and changes in Tariff Proposals	6
	Summ	ary of Tariff Proposals	6
	I.	Domestic Services (DS)	
	II.	Commercial Services (CS) 1	.0
	III.	Irrigation & Agriculture Service (IAS)1	.3
	IV.	Industrial Services	.4
	V.	Institutional Services 1	.7
		Temporary Connections	
2.	Sche	edule of Charges2	1
3.	Teri	ns and Condition of Supply2	:7

List of Tables

Table 1: Summary of Tariff Proposal	6
Table 2: Summary of Tariff Proposal	6
Table 3: Existing and Proposed Tariff - DS	9
Table 4: Comparison of existing domestic urban metered tariffs with approved tariffs	; in
other States as per the applicable recent tariff orders	10
Table 5: Existing and Proposed Tariff - CS	
Table 6: Ratings of Capacitors for Inductive Load	12
Table 7: Comparison of existing Commercial tariffs with approved tariffs in other Stat	tes
as per the applicable recent tariff orders	
Table 8: Existing and Proposed Tariff - IAS	
Table 9: Comparison of existing IAS tariffs with approved tariffs in other States as p	ber
the applicable recent tariff orders	
Table 10: Existing and Proposed Tariff – Industrial Services	
Table 11: Ratings of Capacitors for Inductive Load	16
Table 12: Comparison of existing Industrial Services tariffs with approved tariffs in oth	າer
States	17
Table 13: Existing and Proposed Tariff – Institutional Services	18
Table 14: Existing and Proposed Tariff – Temporary Supply	
Table 15: Inflation of last few Years	
Table 16: Minimum wages in Jharkhand and Bihar	22
Table 17: Summary of Proposed Schedule of charges	
Table 18: Charges related service connection	
Table 19: Charges related to meter	
Table 20: Charges related meter rent	
Table 21: Voltage Rebate	
Table 22: Consumer wise Load Factor	30

1. Tariff Proposal

Key highlights and changes in Tariff Proposals

 Voltage Wise Cost of Supply: As per direction of Hon'ble Commission, JBVNL has conducted voltage wise Cost of Supply (COS). The voltage-wise COS as per the report for FY 2017-18 and their re-appropriation for FY 2021-22 is tabulated below:

Voltage Level	Voltage-W	ise Cost of Supply
voltage Level	2017-18 (Actual)	2020-21 (proportioned)
33 kV	4.82	5.87
11kV	4.97	6.06
LT	7.16	8.73
Average CoS	6.54	7.97

Table 1: Summary of Tariff Proposal

JBVNL has proposed tariff for various categories in line with cost of supply at their voltage level.

- 2. Simplification and Rationalization of Tariff: As per Clause 8.3 of National Tariff Policy, the tariffs need to be simplified and the consumer categories and slabs need to be reduced. In order to further simply the tariff structure and in accordance with the National Tariff Policy 2016, the Petitioner has removed the unit-wise slabs among the tariff categories and sub-categories. And the same has been approved by Hon'ble Commission in its Tariff Order dated 28th February, 2019. However, in order to reduce the financial burden on the low income and needy consumers segments, the Petitioner would propose the subsidy from the State Govt. to be given in slab-wise manner. This would ensure that overall burden over the consumers would not be impacted with the removal of slabs among the categories and sub-categories.
- **3. Unmetered category:** As per Hon'ble Commission Order dated 01st October, 2020 regarding Tariff for FY 2020-21, tariff for unmetered connections as per the Order dated April 27, 2018 shall be applicable until December, 2020. However, there may be some left-over consumers whose metering couldn't be completed in the timeframe. JBVNL requests Hon'ble Commission to approve tariff based on principles of L x D x H x F in its Tariff Order for such spillover consumers.

Summary of Tariff Proposals

1.1 The table below presents the existing and proposed tariff for various categories.

Table 2: Summary of Tariff Proposal

Category/			oonent of Tariff 20-21)	-	component of (2021-22)
Sub- Category	Sub-Category	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges
	Rural	5.75 / kWh	20 / Conn./ Month	6.50 / kWh	50 / Conn./ Month
Domestic	Urban	6.25 / kWh	75 / Conn./ Month	6.75 / kWh	100 / Conn./ Month
	нт	6.00 / kVAh	100 / kVA / Month	6.50 / kVAh	200 / kVA / Month
	Rural (More than 5 kW)	5.75 / kWh	50/kW/Month	6.25 / kWh	100/kW/Month
Commercial	Urban (More than 5 kW)	6.00 / kWh	100/kW/Month	6.50 / kWh	150/kW/Month
Irrigation and	Agriculture	5.00 / kWh	20 / HP/ Month	5.50 / kWh	40 / HP/ Month
	Low Tension Industrial Supply	5.75 / kVAh	100 / kVA / Month	6.25 / kVAh	200 / kVA / Month
Industrial	High Tension Industrial Supply	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	6.00 / kVAh	500 / kVA / Month
	High Tension Special Service	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	6.00 / kVAh	500 / kVA / Month
	Streetlight Service	6.25 / kWh	100 / kW/ Month	6.25 / kWh	100 / kW/ Month
Institutional	Railway Traction Services	5.25 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month
	Military Engineering Services	5.25 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month
	Other Distribution Licensees	5.25 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month

1.2 Category wise tariff proposals along with explanations are provided in this chapter for consideration of the Hon'ble Commission.

I. Domestic Services (DS)

Applicability

Domestic Service-Rural, Domestic Service-Urban and Domestic Service-HT

- 1.3 This schedule shall apply to private residential premises for domestic use for household electric appliances such as Radios, Fans, Televisions, Desert Coolers, Air Conditioner, etc. and including Motors pumps for lifting water up to 1 HP for domestic purposes and other household electrical appliances not covered under any other schedule.
- 1.4 This rate is also applicable for supply to religious institutions such as Temples, Gurudwaras, Mosques, Church and Burial/Crematorium grounds and other recognized charitable institutions (including Govt. Educational Institutions), where no rental or fees is charged whatsoever (duly certified by the Income Tax Authorities). If any fee or rentals are charged, such institution will be charged under Commercial Category.
- 1.5 Rural drinking water schemes which are managed by Panchayats and User's Cooperatives are also included under this Category and corresponding Tariff would be charged depending upon the load of Pumping motors as applicable to the DS category.
- 1.6 This rate is also applicable for all consumers with contracted demand of upto 5 kW mixed, commercial, industrial, educational institutions, drinking water schemes or for any other purpose, except streetlight connections and agriculture/allied connections.

Category of Services

- a) Domestic Service Rural: For rural areas (including rural drinking water schemes) not covered by area indicated under DS-Urban.
- b) Domestic Service DS-Urban: For Urban areas covered by Nagar Nigam, Nagar Parishad, Nagar Panchayat.
- c) Domestic service HT (DS HT): This Schedule shall apply for domestic connection in Housing Colonies/ Housing Complex/Houses of multi storied buildings purely for residential use for single point metered supply, with power supply at 33kV or 11kV voltage level. DS-HT consumers, who supply power to individual households, the average per unit charges billed to an individual consumer shall not exceed 105% of average per unit cost paid to the Petitioner. This additional 5% allowed reflects the internal distribution losses in housing complex and administrative and distribution costs.

Service Character

1. For DS- Rural: AC, 50 Cycles, Single Phase at 230 Volts, Three Phase at 400 Volts.

- 2. For DS- Urban: AC, 50 Cycles, Single Phase at 230 Volts, Three Phase at 400 Volts.
- 3. For DS- HT: AC, 50 Cycles, at 11 kV or 33 kV.

Category/		Existing Component of Tariff (FY 2020-21)		Proposed Component of Tariff (FY 2021-22)	
Sub- Category	Sub-Category	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges
	Rural	5.75 / kWh	20 / Conn./ Month	6.50 / kWh	50 / Conn./ Month
Domestic	Urban	6.25 / kWh	75 / Conn./ Month	6.75 / kWh	100 / Conn./ Month
	нт	6.00 / kVAh	100 / kVA / Month	6.50 / kVAh	200 / kVA / Month

Table 3: Existing and Proposed Tariff - DS

Delayed Payment Surcharge

For Domestic Service category, the delayed payment surcharge shall be at the rate of 1.5% per month and part thereof.

Summary of tariff proposal for Domestic Service (DS tariff) and Rationale for Change in Tariff

- 1.7 The Petitioner has retained single tariff for the domestic category and has not opted for telescopic tariff. This would provide a simplified tariff which would not only be easy for the domestic consumers to understand but for the utility as well for the purpose of billing. However, in order to reduce the financial burden on the low income and needy consumers, the Petitioner would propose the subsidy from the State Govt. to be given in slabs. Thus, the overall burden over the domestic consumers would not be impacted with the removal of slabs.
- 1.8 **Fixed Charges based on per connection basis:** The Petitioner has retained fixed charges for domestic consumers on per connection basis. This has been done in order to reduce the human intervention in the establishment of fixed charges on a consumer since most of these consumers does not have smart meters installed at their premise and it requires physical verification to verify the actual load and demand of the consumer. Moreover, this shall prevent the need for inspecting officer to regularly inspect the consumers premise for regularization of excess load and avoid unnecessary hassles for both Utility and consumers.

For DS-HT Category Billing Demand: The Billing Demand shall be the Maximum Demand recorded during the month or 75% of Contract Demand whichever is higher. The penalty on exceeding Billing Demand will be applicable

in accordance with Chapter 9 of instant Petition.

- 1.9 Unmetered category: In compliance with the directives of the Hon'ble Commission, the Petitioner has removed the domestic unmetered category and has not proposed any such tariff for unmetered consumers for FY 2021-22. The Petitioner is already installing meters for un-metered consumers. However, there may be some left-over consumers whose metering couldn't be completed in the timeframe. JBVNL requests Hon'ble Commission to approve tariff based on principles of L x D x H x F in its Tariff Order for such spillover consumers..
- 1.10 Tariff hike has been proposed in order to move the retail tariffs for the category closer to the Voltage-Wise Cost of Supply at LT level and for reducing the overall revenue gap for the JBVNL.
- 1.11 JBVNL submits below a comparison of tariff for domestic category with Bihar, which illustrates the lower levels of tariffs in the State for the information of the Hon'ble Commission:

State	Applicable Fixed Charge (Domestic)	Applicable Energy Charge (Domestic)
Bihar	Kutir Jyoti (metered) (BPL): Rs.10/month/	Kutir Jyoti (metered) (BPL):
	Connection	0-50 Unit - Rs.6.05/ Unit
		Above 50 Units – As per DS-I metered
	DS-I Rural (Metered): Rs.20/kW or part/ month	DS-I Rural (Metered):
	DS-II (Urban Demand based): Rs.40/kW or	0-50 Unit - Rs.6.05/ Unit
	part/ month	51-100 Units – Rs.6.30/ Unit
	DS-III (Group Demand based): Rs.40/kW or	Above 100 - Rs.6.60/ Unit
	part/ month	Above 200 - Rs.6.95/ Unit
		DS-II (Urban Demand based):
		1-100 Unit - Rs.6.05/ Unit
		101-200 Unit - Rs.6.85/ Unit
		201-300 - Rs.7.70/ Unit
		Above 300 - Rs.8.50/ Unit
		DS-III (Group based): Rs 7.40/Unit

Table 4: Comparison of existing domestic urban metered tariffs with approved tariffs in other States as per the applicable recent tariff orders

II. Commercial Services (CS)

Applicability

This schedule shall apply to all consumers, using electrical energy for light, fan and power loads for non-domestic purposes like shops, hospitals (govt. or private), nursing

homes, clinics, dispensaries, restaurants, hotels, clubs, guest houses, marriage houses, public halls, show rooms, workshops, central air-conditioning units, offices (govt. or private), commercial establishments, cinemas, X-ray plants, schools and colleges (govt. or private), boarding/lodging houses, libraries (govt. or private), research institutes (govt. or private), railway stations, fuel-oil stations, service stations (including vehicle service stations), All India Radio/T.V. installations, printing presses, commercial trusts/societies, Museums, poultry farms, banks, theatres, common facilities in multistoried commercial office/buildings, Haj house, Dharmshala and such other installations not covered under any other tariff schedule.

This schedule shall also applicable to electricity supply availed through separate (independent) connections for the purpose of advertisements, hoardings and other conspicuous consumption such as external flood light, displays, neon signs at public places (roads, railway stations, airports etc.), departmental stores, commercial establishments, malls, multiplexes, theatres, clubs, hotels and other such entertainment/ leisure establishments whose Connected Load/Contracted Demand is greater than 5kW and less than or equal to 100 kVA (or equivalent in terms of HP or kW).

Category of Services

- a) Commercial Services Areas not covered by area indicated for Commercial Service Urban and more than 5 kW connected load.
- b) Commercial Service Urban: For Urban Areas covered by Nagar Nigam, Nagar Parishad, Nagar Panchayat and more than 5 kW connected load.

Service Character

- 1. CS- Rural: AC 50 Cycles, Single phase at 230 Volts or Three Phase at 400 Volts
- 2. CS -Urban: AC 50 Cycles, Single phase at 230 Volts or Three Phase at 400 Volts Table 5: Existing and Proposed Tariff - CS

Category/		Existing Component of Tariff (FY 2020-21)		Proposed Component of Tariff (FY 2021-22)	
Sub- Category	Sub-Category	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges
Commercial	Rural	5.75 / kWh	50/kW/Mont h	6.25 / kWh	100/kW/Month
	Urban	6.00 / kWh	100/kW/Mon th	6.50 / kWh	150/kW/Month

Delayed Payment Surcharge

1.12 For Commercial Service category, the delayed payment surcharge shall be at the rate of 1.5% per month and part thereof.

Installation of shunt capacitors for CS

1.13 All CS - Urban consumers having aggregate inductive load greater than 3 HP and, shall install capacitors of required KVAR in accordance with the table shown below:

Rating of Individual Inductive Load in HP	kVAR Rating of LT capacitors
3 HP to 5 HP (2.24 kW to 3.73 kW)	1
5 HP to 7.5 HP (3.73 kW to 5.59 kW)	2
7.5 HP to 10 HP (5.59 kW to 7.46 kW)	3
10 HP to 15 HP (7.46 kW to 11.19 kW)	4
15 HP to 20 HP (11.19 kW to 14.91 kW)	6
20 HP to 30 HP (14.91 kW to 22.37 kW)	7
30 HP to 40 HP (22.37 kW to 29.82 kW)	10
40 HP to 50 HP (29.82 kW to 37.28 kW)	10 - 15
50 HP to 100 HP (37.28 kW to 74.57 kW)	20 - 30

Table 6: Ratings of Capacitors for Inductive Load

The utility shall not release any new LT connections having aggregate inductive load greater than 5 HP/ 4 KW unless the capacitors of suitable rating are installed.

Summary of tariff proposal for Commercial Service (CS tariff) and Rationale for Change in Tariff

- 1.14 The Petitioner has retained single tariff for the Commercial category and has not opted for telescopic tariff. This would provide a simplified tariff which would not only be easy for the consumers to understand but for the utility as well for the purpose of billing.
- 1.15 **Fixed Charges based on connected load basis for CS Category:** As per Hon'ble JSERC Order dated 01st Oct'2020 regarding Tariff of JBVNL for FY 2020-21 JBVNL has not proposed Fixed Charges for commercial category on per connection basis is not appropriate especially considering that the marginal consumers having load upto 5 kW will now be charged at Domestic Tariff. JBVNL therefore has proposed that commercial consumers with load above 5 kW should be billed based on the Contracted Load/Demand rather than on per connection basis.
 - 1.16 Tariff hike has been proposed in order to move the retail tariffs for the category closer to the Voltage-Wise Cost of Supply at LT level and for reducing the overall revenue gap for the JBVNL.
 - 1.17 JBVNL submits below a comparison of commercial category which illustrates the lower levels of tariffs in the State for the information of the Hon'ble Commission:

Table 7: Comparison of existing Commercial tariffs with approved tariffs in other States as per the applicable recent tariff orders

State	Applicable Fixed Charge (Commercial)	Applicable Energy Charge (Commercial)
Bihar	NDS-I Rural (Metered) - Rs.30/kW or	NDS-I Rural (Metered) –
	part/ month	1-100 Units - Rs.6.30/Unit
		101-200 Units - Rs.6.85/Unit
	NDS-II Contract demand upto 0.5	Above 200 Units - Rs.7.40/Unit
	kW- Rs.100/month/ connection	NDS-II Contract demand upto
	NDS-II Contract demand above	0.5 kW - Rs.6.30/Unit for all units NDS-II Contract demand above
	0.5kW and upto 70 kW - Rs.180/kW or part/ month	0.5 kW -
		1-100 Units - Rs.6.30/Unit
		101-200 Units - Rs.6.85/Unit
		Above 200 Units - Rs.7.40/Unit
Delhi	Non-Domestic – Rs. 250/ kVA/ month	Non-Domestic –
		Upto 3 kVA Rs. 6.00/kVAh
		Above 3 kVA Rs. 8.50/kVAh

III. Irrigation & Agriculture Service (IAS)

Applicability

This schedule shall apply to all consumers for use of electrical energy for Agriculture purposes including tube wells and processing of the agricultural produce, confined to Chaff-Cutter, Thresher, Cane crusher and Rice-Hauler, when operated by the agriculturist in the field or farm and does not include Rice mills, Flour mills, Oil mills, Dal mills, Rice-Hauler or expellers and equipment for organic farming.

Service Character:

AC 50 Cycles, Single Phase at 230 volts / 3 Phase at 400 volts

Table 8: Existing and Proposed Tariff - IAS

	Existing Comp	onent of Tariff	Proposed Component of Tariff		
Category/	(FY 20)	20-21)	(FY 2021-22)		
Sub-Category			Energy Charges	Fixed Charges	
Irrigation and Agriculture	5.00 / kWh	20 / HP/ Month	5.50 / kWh	40 / HP/ Month	

Delayed Payment Surcharge

1.18 For Irrigation and agriculture service category, the delayed payment surcharge

shall be at the rate of 1.5% per month and part thereof.

Summary of changes proposed to IAS tariff and rationale for change in tariff

- 1.19 Tariff hike has been proposed in order to move the retail tariffs for the category closer to the Voltage-Wise Cost of Supply and for reducing the overall revenue gap for the JBVNL.
- 1.20 JBVNL submits below a comparison of tariff for Agriculture Category consumers which illustrates the lower levels of tariffs in the State for the information of the Hon'ble Commission:

Table 9: Comparison of existing IAS tariffs with approved tariffs in otherStates as per the applicable recent tariff orders

State	Applicable Fixed Cl	narge	Applicable Energy	Charge
Bihar	IAS-I (Unmetered) part/month	- Rs.800/HP or	IAS-I (Metered) Rs.5.50/Unit	-
	IAS-I (Metered) month	- Rs.30/HP or part/	IAS-II (Metered)	- Rs.
	IAS-II (Metered) - Rs.240/HP or part/ month		6.55/ Unit	

IV. Industrial Services

Applicability

- Low Tension Industrial Service (LTIS)
- High Tension Industrial Service (HTS)
- High Tension Special Service (HTSS)

Low Tension Industrial Service (LTIS): This schedule shall apply to all industrial units applying for a load of more than 5 kW and less than or equal to 100 kVA (or equivalent in terms of HP or kW). The equivalent HP for 100 kVA shall be 114 HP and the equivalent kW for 100 kVA shall be 85.044 kW.

Note: Any LTIS consumer who is found to have more than 100 kVA load shall be treated as HTS consumer.

High Tension Industrial Service (HTS): All the consumers drawing power at voltage level at 6.6 kV and above except Domestic-HT consumers and HT- Institutional

Consumers.

High Tension Special Service (HTSS): This tariff schedule shall apply to all consumers who have a contracted demand of 300 KVA and more for induction/arc Furnace. In case of induction/arc furnace consumers (applicable for existing and new consumers), the contract demand shall be based on the total capacity of the induction/arc furnace and the equipment as per manufacturer technical specification and not on the basis of measurement. This tariff schedule will not apply to casting units having induction furnace of melting capacity of 500 Kg or below.

Service Character

Low Tension Industrial Service (LTIS): AC, 50 Cycles, Single Phase supply at 230 Volts or 3 Phase Supply at 400 volts. Demand Based tariff for sanctioned load above 5.00 kW upto 100 kVA.

High Tension Industrial Service (HTS): 50 Cycles, 3 Phase at 6.6 kV / 11 kV / 33 kV / 132 kV / 220 kV / 400 kV

High Tension Special Service (HTSS): 50 Cycles, 3 Phase at 11 kV / 33 kV / 132 kV / 220 kV / 400 kV.

Category/ Sub-	Sub- Category	Existing Compo (FY 202				
Category	Category	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges	
	Low Tension Industrial Supply	5.75 / kVAh	100 / kVA / Month	6.25 / kVAh	200 / kVA / Month	
Industrial	High Tension Industrial Supply	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	6.00 / kVAh	500 / kVA / Month	
	High Tension Special Service	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	6.00 / kVAh	500 / kVA / Month	

Table 10: Existing and Proposed Tariff – Industrial Services

LTIS- Demand Based: The billing demand will be the maximum demand recorded during the month or 75% of the sanctioned load, whichever is higherIn case Recorded Demand is more than 100 kVA/85 kW for any month for more than three instances within a Financial Year, the average of the Maximum Demand recorded during such instances shall be treated as the new Contract Demand for the purpose of billing of future months and the consumer will have to get into a new Agreement under the HTS category for the revised contracted demand with the Petitioner as per the terms and conditions of HT supply.

HTS & HTSS- For billing demand shall be the maximum demand recorded during the month or 85% of contract demand or 101 kVA whichever is higher.

The penalty on exceeding contract demand shall be 1.5 times the normal charges for actual demand exceeding 110% of the contracted demand; the penal charges shall be applicable on exceeded demand w.r.t. the Contract demand only.

Installation of shunt capacitors

1.21 All LTIS consumers having aggregate inductive load greater than 3 HP and above, shall install capacitors of required KVAR rating provided in the following table:

Rating of Individual Inductive Load in HP	kVAR Rating of LT capacitors
3 HP to 5 HP (2.24 kW to 3.73 kW)	1
5 HP to 7.5 HP (3.73 kW to 5.59 kW)	2
7.5 HP to 10 HP (5.59 kW to 7.46 kW)	3
10 HP to 15 HP (7.46 kW to 11.19 kW)	4
15 HP to 20 HP (11.19 kW to 14.91 kW)	6
20 HP to 30 HP (14.91 kW to 22.37 kW)	7
30 HP to 40 HP (22.37 kW to 29.82 kW)	10
40 HP to 50 HP (29.82 kW to 37.28 kW)	10 - 15
50 HP to 100 HP (37.28 kW to 74.57 kW)	20 - 30

Table 11: Ratings of Capacitors for Inductive Load

Penalty for exceeding Billing/ Contract Demand

1.22 Penalty for exceeding Billing/ Contract Demand shall be applicable as per Clause-I of Terms and Conditions of Supply

Voltage Rebate

1.23 Voltage rebate to the HTS & HTSS consumers shall be applicable as per Clause IV of Terms and Conditions of Supply.

Delayed Payment Surcharge

- 1.24 Delayed Payment Surcharge will be charged in accordance with Clause III of Terms and Conditions of Supply.
- 1.25 Power factor rebate shall not be allowed to consumers with outstanding arrears.

Load Factor Rebate

1.26 Load Factor rebate to the HTS & HTSS consumers shall be applicable as per Clause V of Terms and Conditions of Supply.

Summary of changes proposed to Industrial Services tariff and rationale for change in tariff

1.27 JBVNL has proposed slight increase in Industrial Tariff to recover its Revenue Gap. However even after the proposed increase, the industrial tariff in JBVNL lixense area is still lower in comparison to other states. A comparison of Industrial Tariff of other states is given below:

State	Applicable Fixed Charge	Applicable Energy Charge
Bihar	LTIS-I: Rs.144/kVA or	LTIS-I: Rs.6.40/kVAh
	part/month	LTIS-II: Rs.6.40/kVAh
	LTIS-II: Rs 180/kVA or	HTS-I (11 KV): Rs.6.55/kVAh
	part/month	HTS-II (33 kV): Rs.6.50/kVAh
	HTS-I (11 KV):	HTS-III (Min. demand of 7.5
	Rs.300/kVA/Month	MVA & 132 kV): Rs.6.45/kVAh
	HTS-II (33 kV):	HTS- IV: Rs.6.40/kVAh
	Rs.300/kVA/Month	HTSS (33 kV): Rs.4.05/kVAh
	HTS-III (Min. demand of 7.5	
	MVA & 132 kV):	
	Rs.300/kVA/Month	
	HTS- IV: Rs.300/kVA/Month	
	HTSS (33 kV):	
	Rs.700/kVA/Month	
Delhi	Industrial: Rs.250/kVA/month	Industrial: Rs.7.75/kVAh

Table 12: Comparison of existing Industrial Services tariffs withapproved tariffs in other States

V. Institutional Services

This tariff schedule shall apply for use of Street Lighting system, Railway Traction, Military Engineering Services and Other Distribution Licensees.

Applicability

Street Light Service (SS): This tariff schedule shall apply for use of Street Lighting system, including single system in corporation, municipality, notified area committee, panchayats etc. and also in areas not covered by municipalities and Notified Area Committee provided the number of lamps served from a point of supply is not less than 5.

Railway Traction (RTS) and Military Engineering Services (MES): This tariff schedule shall apply for use of railway traction and Military Engineering Services (MES) for a mixed load in defence cantonment and related area.

Other distribution licensees: This tariff schedule shall apply to other distribution licensees procuring power from JBVNL for the sole purpose of supplying it to its consumers.

Service Character:

Street Light Service (SS): AC, 50 cycles, Single phase at 230 Volts or three phase at 400 Volts.

Railway Traction Service (RTS): AC, 50 cycles, Single, two or three phase at 25 kV/132 kV.

Military Engineering Services (MES): AC, 50 cycles, three phase at 11 KV/ 33 KV/ 132 kV

Other Distribution Licensees: AC, 50 cycles, three phase at 11 KV/ 33 KV/ 132 kV

Category/	Sub Catogoni		onent of Tariff 20-21)	Proposed Component of Tariff (FY 2021-22)	
Sub- Category	Sub-Category	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges
	Streetlight Service*	6.25 / kWh	100 / kW/ Month	6.25 / kWh	100 / kW/ Month
	Railway Traction Services	5.25 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month
Institutional	Military Engineering Services	5.25 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month
	Other distribution licensee/ Deemed Licensee	5.25 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month	5.50 / kVAh	350 / kVA / Month

Table 13: Existing and Proposed Tariff – Institutional Services

* At times it is not practical to install meters at streetlight poles due to availability of space, hence Hon'ble Commission may either approve load based tariff for Street light considering 50% load factor as street lights are switched on for average duration of 12 hours only or Tariff approved for street light as per the Tariff order dated 27th April 2018 regarding Tariff order for FY 2017-18 and FY 2018-19 may be retained which was Rs 500 per 100 watt/month The billing demand for RTS/MES/Other Distribution Licensee shall be the maximum demand recorded during the month or 85% of contract demand whichever is higher. The penalty on exceeding billing demand will be applicable in accordance with Clause I of Terms & Conditions of Supply

Maximum Demand for Railway Traction Services

1.28 The demand charge shall be applied on maximum demand recorded or contract demand whichever is higher at any fifteen minutes time block for which the meter installed should have 15 minutes integration time.

Delayed Payment Surcharge

1.29 The delayed payment surcharge shall be applicable in accordance with Clause III of Terms & Conditions of Supply.

Voltage Rebate

1.30 Voltage rebate to the RTS, MES and Other Distribution Licensee consumers shall be applicable as per Clause IV of Terms and Conditions of Supply.

Load Factor Rebate

1.31 Load Factor rebate to the RTS, MES and Other Distribution Licensee consumers shall be applicable as per Clause V of Terms and Conditions of Supply.

VI. Temporary Connections

Applicability:

The Temporary tariff shall be applicable as per the following conditions:

- a) Temporary tariff is proposed to be equivalent to 1.5 times of the applicable fixed and energy charges for temporary connections falling in each prescribed tariff category with all other terms and conditions of tariff remaining the same.
- b) Temporary connections shall be given prepaid meters with prepaid balance equivalent to 45 days of sale of power which shall be based on the assessment formula (LDHF) prescribed by the Commission.
- c) Temporary connections shall initially be provided for a period of up to 30 days which can be extended on month to month basis upto six months.

	Existing Compo (FY 202		f Tariff Proposed Component of Ta (FY 2021-22)		
Category	Energy	Fixed	Energy Charges	Fixed Charges	
	Charges	Charges			
	1.5 times of the applicable	1.5 times of the	1.5 times of	1.5 times of the applicable	
All Units	energy	applicable	the applicable energy charges	fixed charges	
	charges	fixed charges	chergy charges	fixed charges	

Table 14: Existing and Proposed Tariff – Temporary Supply

2. Schedule of Charges

Background

- 2.1 Hon'ble commission has notified the first supply code as JSERC (Electricity Supply Code), Regulations, 2005 for JSEB which was constituted on March 10, 2001 under the Electricity (Supply) Act, 1948 as a result of the bifurcation of the erstwhile State of Bihar.
- 2.2 Though, the miscellaneous charges have been slightly revised by Hon'ble Commission for 2020-21. the Petitioner requests the Hon'ble Commission that these charges are not in line with considering the current inflation and the charges taken by the other States. The present charges and proposed charges are discussed in the following sections.

Rationale for increase of Miscellaneous charges

a) Inflation last few years

- 2.3 As discussed in the above section, that there has not been much increase in miscellaneous charges in last 10 years. Though the miscellaneous charges have been slightly revised by Hon'ble Commission for FY 2019-20 and 2020-21, these charges are not in line with considering the current inflation and the charges taken by the other States.
- 2.4 The Petitioner in line with the JSERC Regulations 2015, has estimated the inflation factor based on the actual Wholesale Price Index (WPI) and Consumer Price Index (CPI) for the last few years. The table below provides the average of Inflation indices of CPI and WPI:

Index	FY 13-14	FY 14-15	FY 15-16	FY 16-17	FY 17-18	FY 18-19	FY 19-20
CPI	236.0	250.8	265.0	275.9	284.2	299.9	317.4
WPI	112	114	110	112	115	120	122

Table 15: Inflation of last few Years

Period	WPI	CPI	Total
Weightage	0.45	0.55	1.00
Avg Indexation for FY 20-21	120.27	333.00	
Avg Indexation n-1 (Index * Wt.)	54.12	183.15	237.27
Avg Indexation for FY 19-20	121.80	317.42	
Avg Indexation n (Index * Wt.)	54.81	174.58	229.39
Combined Inflation (Indexation/Indexation-1)		3.44%	

b) Labour rates

2.5 It can be noted that the labour charges for a skilled worker is Rs. 355/day as per the Department of Labour, employment & Training, Government of Jharkhand. However charges for works related to testing of meter/installation for single/three phase consumers have been kept at Rs. 100 and charges for work relating to removing/refixing of Meter/Changing of Meter or Meter Equipment has been kept at only Rs. 200. Hence, it is noteworthy that the current miscellaneous charges are not complying with the industry standards and need to be revised to bring them to a realistic level.

c) Miscellaneous charges in other neighbour states

- 2.6 JBVNL is the distribution utility with one of the lowest miscellaneous charges in the country. Even neighboring States like Bihar, Odisha, Chhattisgarh and West Bengal have significantly higher charges.
- 2.7 It is noteworthy that Jharkhand was constituted as a result of the bifurcation of the erstwhile State of Bihar on 15 November 2000. However, both the state share the same demography and geography. It can be seen in the below sub-sections that Bihar being the neighboring state of Jharkhand has comparatively high miscellaneous charges. However, if prevailing labour charges are compared for both the states, Bihar has similar labour charges as of Jharkhand which is depicted in the table below.

Class of employee	Jharkhand	Bihar
Unskilled	295.80	292.00
Semi-skilled	309.89	304.00
Skilled	408.50	370.00
Highly-skilled	471.88	451.00

Table 16: Minimum wages in Jharkhand and Bihar

* Labour rates for contractual labour as effective from 1st Oct'20

2.8 In line with the prevalent miscellaneous charges applicable in state of Bihar, JBVNL has proposed its schedule of miscellaneous charges. A detailed comparison of JBVNL rates with other states are provided in the following sub-sections.

Revised schedule of charges

- 2.9 Considering the above factors like inflation and present labour rates and in line with miscellaneous charges applicable in other neighbor, JBVNL would like to propose revised schedule of miscellaneous charges.
- 2.10 The Petitioner has proposed charges under 7 nos. heads as following-
 - 1. New Connection application charges,
 - 2 . Disconnection charges,
 - 3. Reconnection charges,

- 4. Consumer Service Charges,
- 5. Meter testing charges,
- 6. Meter rent and
- 7. Transformer rent.
- 2.11 The new connection application fees includes the application fees for new connection which is exclusive of other charges related to new connection (applicable as per the cost estimate). It is pertinent to mention that free of cost/ installment basis electricity connections are being provided under various Central and State sponsored schemes. Therefore, the charges shall be applicable as per the scheme guidelines for the consumers covered under any Central or State Government sponsored scheme. It is pertinent to mention that significantly higher effort is required for processing connection at 11 kV and higher, hence the charge for them should be increased.
- 2.12 The Petitioner has also revised the charges for Temporary and Permanent disconnection charges. It is noteworthy that significant effort is being required for permanent disconnection as the job includes removal of meter, metering units, cables & wires and other allied materials, transportation charges, labour charges, etc. Therefore, a higher amount as compared to temporary charges is being proposed for Permanent disconnection. Also, reconnection charges have been proposed which is in line with the temporary disconnection charges.
- 2.13 As part of the simplification of miscellaneous charges, the Petitioner has proposed a single charge related to consumer services which includes- re-sealing, fuse replacement, modification in connection layout/ meter shifting, meter fixing/ removal, service line replacement, name change, load modification, subsequent installation testing, Replacement of Defective or Burnt meters. It is submitted that considering the average life of 5 years of meters, the burnt meter charges shall not be applicable, if the meter gets defective after 5 years from the date of installation. It is also submitted that the consumer has to bear the actual cost of meter as the penalty in case of burnt meters and defective meters (in case of consumers' fault).
- 2.14 It is submitted that the Petitioner has not proposed any charges related to meter rent. However, the charges related to meter testing is being proposed which is inclusive of metering unit in case CT operated and Tri-vector meter. It is submitted that in case where the consumer opts for meter testing through a third party/ external agency, the charges of external agency shall be borne by the consumer itself, in addition to the above applicable service charges.
- 2.15 It is pertinent to mention that industrial consumers have to make a separate arrangement of required capacity transformer for availing electricity. However, in

some special cases, JBVNL has provided a temporary arrangement of transformer to Industrial consumers or in some cases of temporary supply. Therefore, the approved charges pertaining to transformer rent is inevitable to bring clarity among consumer as well as to utility. However the Petitioner would like to submit that charge for the transformer should be levied on per kilowatt basis.

- 2.16 To discourage the consumer for opting transformer on rent and to make selfarrangement of the same, the Petitioner has proposed for slightly higher transformer rent. It is also submitted that transformer rent shall only be applicable for maximum of 6 months.
- 2.17 The summary of miscellaneous charges proposed by JBVNL is detailed in the table below. It is humbly prayed to Hon'ble Commission to approved the below mentioned miscellaneous charges:

Туре	s of Charges	Single phase	3 Phase (whole- current)	3 Phase (CT operated)	Meter at 11kV	Meter at 33kV	132/220 kV
Application 1 Connection		150	150	150	550	1000	1500
Dis- connectio	Temporary	200	200	500	1500	1500	1500
n charges (on consumer request)	Permanent	200	400	1000	2000	5000	5000
Re-connection	on charges	200	300	500	1500	1500	1500
Consumer for each in (including, r fuse replace modification connection I meter shiftin fixing/ remo service line replacement change, load modification subsequent testing, Rep of Defective	cidence re-sealing, ement, in ayout/ ng, meter ival, c, name d , installation lacement	250	500	700	1,500	2,000	5,000
Meter Testir (including co metering un	ombined	100	200	300/- 1800(Tri-Vector meter)	5,000	5,000	8,000
Transformer provided by request of c	JBVNL on	NA	NA	Rs. 100/kVA/month of transformer capacity			ity

Table 17: Summary of Proposed Schedule of charges

Comparison of charges with other states

2.18 The Petitioner has provided a detailed comparison of miscellaneous charges of

JBVNL with charges prevailing in other state distribution utilities.

S	Particulars		Scale of Charge	es
No.		JBVNL (Present)	JBVNL (Proposed)	Bihar
1	Application fee	ſ	ſ	
	LT Single Phase	Rs 100	Rs 150	Rs. 20 for KJY, Rs. 75 for Others
	LT Three Phase	Rs. 100	Rs. 150	Rs. 300 for LT Industrial Rs. 200 for Others
	LT Three Phase (CT Operated)	Rs. 100	Rs. 150	Rs. 300 for LT Industrial Rs. 200 for Others
	11kV	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 750
	33 kV	Rs. 500	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 750
	132 kV/220 kV	Rs. 500	Rs. 1,500	Rs. 750
2	Disconnection (Dis)/ Reconnection (R	e)	·
	Single phase	Dis: Rs. 200 Re- Rs. 200	Dis: Rs. 200 Re- Rs. 200	Rs. 100
	3-ph LT	Dis: Rs. 200 Re-	Temp Dis: Rs. 200 Perm Dis: Rs. 400 Re- Rs. 300	Rs. 900 for LT Industrial
	3- ph LT with CT	Rs. 200	Temp Dis: Rs. 500 Perm Dis: Rs. 1,000 Re- Rs. 500	Rs. 200 for Others
	11kV	Dis: Rs. 1,500 Re- Rs. 1,500	Temp Dis: Rs. 1,500 Perm Dis: Rs. 2,000 Re- Rs. 1,500	Rs. 3000
	33 kV	Dis: Rs. 1,500 Re- Rs. 1,500	Temp Dis: Rs. 1,500 Perm Dis: Rs. 5,000 Re- Rs. 1,500	Rs. 3000
	132/220 kV	Dis: Rs. 1,500 Re- Rs. 1,500	Temp Dis: Rs. 1,500 Perm Dis: Rs. 5,000 Re- Rs. 1,500	Rs. 3000

Table 18: Charges related service connection

Table 19: Charges related to meter

S No.	Particulars	Scale of Charges					
5 110.		JBVNL (Present)	JBVNL (Proposed)	Bihar			
1	Meter test when accuracy disputed by consumer						
	Single phase	Rs. 100	Rs. 100	Rs. 100			
	Three phase	Rs. 100	Rs. 200	Rs. 200			
	Three phase (CT)	Rs. 100	Rs. 300	Rs. 300			
	Tri vector/ special type meter	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,800	Rs. 1,800			
	33/11 kV metering equipment	Rs. 1,000	Rs 5,000	Rs 5,000			
	132/220 kV metering equipment	Rs. 1,000	Rs 8,000	Rs 8,000			
2	Removing/ Fixing / Re-fixing of r	neter					
	Single phase	Rs. 200	Rs.250	Rs.200			

S No.	Particulars	Scale of Charges		
		JBVNL (Present)	JBVNL (Proposed)	Bihar
	Three phase	Rs. 200	Rs.500	Rs.400
	Tri vector/ special type meter	Rs. 1,000	Rs.700	Rs.600
	Three Phase meter with CT	Rs. 1,000	Rs 700	Rs.500
	11 kV metering equipment	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,500	Rs. 1,200
	33 kV metering equipment	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 2,000	Rs. 1,200
	132/220 kV metering equipment	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 5,000	Rs. 1,200

Table 20: Charges related meter rent

		Scale of Charges		
S No.	Particulars	JBVNL (Existing and Proposed)	Bihar	
1	Replacement of Burnt Meter			
	Replacement of Burnt Meter	Cost of meter	Cost of meter	

3. Terms and Condition of Supply

3.1 The Petitioner is hereby submitting following terms and conditions of supply besides terms and conditions provided in the JSERC (Electricity Supply Code), Regulations, 2015, for kind perusal of the Hon'ble Commission.

Clause I: Penalty for exceeding Billing/ Contract Demand

- 3.2 In case the consumer's actual recorded demand exceeds 110% of the contract demand, then normal demand charge will be applicable up to 110% of contract demand. However, once the consumer surpasses the 110% threshold, then penal tariff shall be applicable @ 1.5 times of existing charges for the demand over and above the contract demand (i.e 100%) and NOT on the demand exceeding 110%.
- 3.3 Further, in case any consumer exceeds the Contract Demand on more than three occasions in a calendar year, the highest demand so recorded would be treated as the revised contract demand.
- 3.4 In case actual demand is higher than the contract demand for three continuous months, the maximum demand of the last three months shall be treated as the new contract demand for the purpose of billing of future months and the consumer will have to get into a new agreement for the revised contract demand with the licensee within the period defined by the Licensee and communicated to the consumer failing which the consumer will be charged @ 2 times of the demand charges as long as the consumer does not enter the agreement.
- 3.5 Once the actual demand is recorded to be higher than contract demand for two continuous months, the licensee would serve notice to the consumer after the end of the second month for enhancement of the contract demand. The consumer would be liable to respond within 15 days of receipt of such notice and submit application for enhancement of contract demand to the licensee. The licensee would, within 15 days of receipt of response from the consumer, finalize the new agreement after making necessary changes at consumer's installations.
- 3.6 In case the consumer fails to respond within 15 days, the licensee would have the right to initiate enhancement of load as per the last recorded contract demand. While, in case the consumer provides an undertaking that the actual demand shall not exceed the contract demand again for a period of at least six months from the last billing, the licensee shall continue to bill the consumer as per the existing contract demand and billing demand.
- 3.7 Provided that if the consumer fails to adhere to the undertaking and the actual demand exceeds the contract demand within the subsequent six months of the undertaking, the consumer shall have to pay a penal charge of 2 times the normal

tariff for a period of three consecutive months and the licensee shall, after serving 7 days' notice to the consumer, enhance the contract demand of the consumer as per the last recorded actual demand.

Clause II: Electricity Duty

3.8 The charges in this tariff schedule do not include charges on account of Electricity Duty/ Surcharge to the consumers under the State Electricity Duty Act, 1948 and the rules framed there under and as amended from time to time and any other Statutory levy which may take effect from time to time after making corrections for the loss in the distribution system.

Clause III: Delayed Payment Surcharge

3.9 In case the electricity bills are not paid within the due date mentioned on the bill, delayed payment charges of 1.5% percent per month or part thereof on the total electricity bill (including Taxes and Duties) shall be levied on the bill amount. The due date for making payment of energy bills or other charges shall be twenty-one days from the date of issuance of bill. In case, the licensee defaults in generating and delivering bills on timely basis, DPS will not be charged for the period of default by licensee.

Clause IV: Voltage Rebate

- 3.10 It is submitted that the Hon'ble Commission vide its Tariff Order dated 01.10.2020 has revised the voltage rebate to be given to Consumers on Voltage level of 33kV and above. It is here pertinent to mention that the above mentioned voltage rebate would put an additional burden of 50 Lacs per month. In view of same, the petitioner requests the Hon'ble Commission to approve the voltage rebate as given below:
- 3.11 Voltage rebate will be applicable on energy charges as given below:

Consumer Category	Voltage Rebate
HTS/HTSS – 33 kV/66 kV	2.00%
HTS & HTSS – 132KV	3.00%

Table 21: Voltage Rebate

Note: The above rebate will be available only on monthly basis and consumer with arrears shall not be eligible for the above rebates. However, the applicable rebates shall be allowed to consumers with outstanding dues, wherein such dues have been stayed by the appropriate authority/Courts.

Clause V: Load Factor Rebate

3.12 It is submitted that the Hon'ble Commission vide its Tariff Order dated 01.10.2020 has revised the Load Factor rebate to be given to Consumers. It is here pertinent to mention that the above-mentioned Load Factor rebate would put an additional burden of approx.. Rs 4.4 Crore per month. Further, as the rebate is allowed on the total consumption and not on incremental consumption, it defeats the primary objective of incentivizing the consumers for increasing the consumption above the threshold.

3.13 Moreover, the Petitioner hereby proposes to remove the load factor rebate as under the two part tariff regime, the fixed charges per unit are reduced for every improvement in load factor. This results in overall per unit reduction in cost of electricity to the consumer and results in double counting of benefits of higher consumption to the consumer, whereas, the lower load factor on the other hand is not being penalized. It is submitted that the Load Factor rebate is being approved by the Commission in previous Tariff Orders with a view to encourage better load utilization by HT consumers having above 70% utilization, lower system losses and better system operation. The Load factor rebate had been introduced earlier in large and heavy consumers to curb the theft of electricity. But, now licensees have installed high precision meters to monitor the trend and other parameters and as such it appears that there is no need to provide incentive for consumption. It is further submitted that no such rebate in given to consumers in most of the other States in the country. Hence it is prayed to the Hon'ble Commission to remove the load factor rebate for all consumer categories.

Clause VI: TOD Tariff

3.14 TOD tariff proposed shall be applicable as follows-

- Off Peak Hours: 10:00 PM to 06:00 AM: 85% of normal rate of energy charge.
- Normal Hours: 10:00 AM to 6:00 PM: 100% of normal rate of energy charge
- Peak Hours: 06:00 AM to 10:00 AM & 06:00 PM to 10:00 PM: 120% of normal rate of energy charge.

Clause VII: Rebate for prompt online payment

3.15 The due date for making payment of energy bills or other charges shall be 21 days after issue date of the bill. Rebate of 0.5% on the billed amount for timely payment of the full amount of the bills through online web portal or digital methods shall be allowed for all categories of consumers.

Clause VIII: Rebate for Prepaid Metering

3.16 A rebate to prepaid meters at 3% of the Energy Charges for the respective Consumer Category.

Other Terms and Conditions

Point of Supply

3.17 The Power supply shall normally be provided at a single point for the entire premises. In certain categories like coal mines power may be supplied at more than one point on request of consumer subject to technical feasibility. But in such cases metering and billing shall be done separately for each point.

Dishonored Cheques

3.18 In the event of dishonored cheque for payment against a particular bill, the Licensee shall charge a minimum of Rs. 300 or 0.5% of the billed amount, whichever is higher. The DPS shall be levied extra as per the applicable terms and conditions of DPS for the respective category.

Sale of energy

3.19 No consumer shall be allowed to sell the electricity purchased from the Licensee to any other person/ entity.

Release of new connections

3.20 No new connections shall be provided without appropriate meter.

Conversion factors

- 3.21 The following shall be the conversion factors, as and where applicable: (PF=0.85):
 - 1 Kilowatt (KW) = 1.176 Kilovolt ampere (kVA)
 - 1 Kilowatt (KW) = 1 / 0.746 Horse Power (HP)
 - 1 Horse Power (1 HP) = 0.878 Kilovolt ampere (KVA)

Disputed Bills

3.22 In case of disputed bill, the consumer would be liable to pay their dues based on last 3 month's consumption pattern which will be subsequently adjusted if found erroneous against future bills.

Stopped/ defective meters

3.23 In case of existing consumers with previous consumption pattern, the provisional average bill shall be issued on the basis of average of previous three months consumption. In case of meter being out of order from the period before which no pattern of consumption is available, the provisional average bill shall be issued on the basis of sanctioned/ contract load on following load factor applicable to respective categories, as shown below:

Consumer Category	Load Factor
Domestic & Religious Institution	0.10
Non-Domestic	0.20
LTIS/ PHED LT	0.15
DS-HT	0.15

Table 22: Consumer wise Load Factor

HTS	0.25
11 KV	0.30
33 KV	0.50
132/200 KV/400 kV	0.50
HTSS	0.25
RTS	0.10

The Consumer should furnish usage details of their continuous load/shift wise load/otherwise.

Temporary Supply

Applicability

- 3.24 This tariff shall apply for connections being temporary in nature for period of less than one year. The applicability shall be as given in the respective category tariff rate schedule. Temporary supply cannot be claimed by a prospective consumer as a matter of right but will normally be arranged by JBVNL when a requisition is made giving due notice subject to technical feasibility and in accordance with electricity supply code issued by the Commission.
- 3.25 Temporary tariff is proposed to be equivalent to 1.5 times of the applicable fixed and energy charges for temporary connections falling in each prescribed tariff category with all other terms and conditions of tariff remaining the same.
- 3.26 Temporary connections shall be given prepaid meters with prepaid balance equivalent to 45 days of sale of power which shall be based on the assessment formula (LDHF) prescribed by the Commission.
- 3.27 Temporary connections shall initially be provided for a period of up to 45 days which can be extended on month to month basis up to six months.

Metering facility:

3.28 It is proposed that all HTS consumers should have demand recording facility @ 15 minutes time integration. This will enable utility to manage its load profile during power restrictions. This will also enable Petitioner to match the profile/ scheduling with the SLDC/ ERLDC and assist in energy accounting. It may be noted that Regional Energy Accounting (REA) and other power drawal & scheduling are done on 15 minutes time block.

Petition for True-up for FY 2019-20, APR for FY 2020-21 and Determination of MYT-ARR for Control Period and Tariff for FY 2021-22 Page | 32